AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) Polymer-based stopper, comprising a composition or preblend comprising volatile corrosion inhibitors which further comprises at least one structuring agent consisting of a solid or pasty substance whose melting point is from 40 to 110°C, preferably from 50 to 90°C and which is selected from the group consisting of linear and slightly branched hydrocarbons such as mineral waxes, paraffin, microcrystalline, petrolatum, polyethylene, polyolefins.
- 2. (Previously presented) Stopper according to claim 1, incorporating a composition or preblend comprising from 1 to 90%, preferably from 20 to 60% by weight of at least one volatile inhibitor and from 10 to 99%, preferably from 40 to 80%, of at least one structuring agent consisting of a solid or pasty substance whose melting point is from 40 to 110°C, preferably from 50 to 90°C.
- 3. (Previously presented) Stopper according to claim 1, incorporating a composition or preblend whose solid or pasty structuring agent is selected from the group consisting of solid or pasty, aliphatic and/or resinous compounds with a melting point of between 40 and 110°C, preferably between 50 and 90°C.

4. (cancelled)

- 5. (cancelled)
- 6. (cancelled)
- 7. (Currently amended) Stopper according to claim 1, incorporating a composition or preblend whose structuring agent is selected from the group of those identified in Table A below, some of which are waxes of mineral or synthetic origin:

TABLE A

Origin	Majority	Name of the	Melting	Density	Penetra
of	chemical	structuring	point	at 25°C	tion
structur	nature of the	agent	(°C)	ASTM	index
ing	structuring			D 1298	at 25°C
agent	agent				ASTM
					D1321
	Ester	Carnauba	83 86	0.995	
Natural	(myricyl				
	cirotate)				
	Ester	Beeswax	62 65	0.955	
	(myricyl				
	palmitate)			ľ	
	Paraffinic	Paraffin	50-60	0.900	15
	hydrocarbons				
	(mixture)				
Mineral					
	Isoparaffinic	Micro-	69	0.930	29
	and	crystalline			
	naphthenic	wax			
	hydrocarbons				
	Aliphatic	Petrolatum	70-72	0.910/	43-45

	hydrocarbons			20°C	
	(mixture)				
Syntheti	Polyethylene	Polyethylen e wax	88	0.930	6.5
C	Oxidised isoparaffini e hydrocarbons	Oxidised microcryst alline wax	85		13
	Phosphoric ester of C16/C18fatty alcohols		83 89	0.998	
	Polyethylene glycol	Polyethyle nc blycol 4000	57 59 .	1.112/ 99°C	

- 8. (Currently amended) Stopper according to claim 1, incorporating comprising a composition or preblend comprising at least one volatile corrosion inhibitor selected from the group consisting of:
- nitrogenous derivatives and in particular firstly, aliphatic, aromatic, acyclic or cyclic amines including dicyclohexylamine, cyclohexylamine, morpholine, diisopropylamine and benzylamine, their organic salts

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including the benzoates, carbamates, laurates, caprylates and succinates, or their inorganic salts including the nitrites, nitrates, carbonates, phosphates and phosphites, and, secondly, heterocycles including imidazole and its derivatives, triazoles and their derivatives, as well as hexamethylenetetramine,

- nitrogenous oxido derivatives including the alkali metal or alkaline-earth metal salts of nitrous acid, and
- benzoic derivatives of these metals such as sodium benzoate.
- 9. (Currently amended) Stopper according to claim 1 consisting of comprising at least one polymer representing at least 50% of its weight and which can be selected from the group consisting of:
- polyolefins including polyethylenes, polypropylene, polybutene and their copolymers with one or more unsaturated monomers including vinyl acetate, acrylic acid and its esters with carbon-based short chain alcohols,
- polyvinyl chloride and its copolymers, acrylic copolymers and their derivatives, and
- polyamides, polystyrenes, polycarbonates, polyesters, polyurethanes, rubbers including natural rubber, styrenebutadiene and polychloroprene.
- 10. (Currently amended) Stopper according to claim 1 wherein it is incorporated formed by any suitable process including moulding, injection-moulding, extrusion or thermoforming.

11. (Currently amended) Process for protecting the internal parts of hollow metal components against corrosion, consisting in of obstructing the one or more openings of hollow metal components by introducing in the openings one or more of the stoppers according to claim 1.